

## NAG Library Function Document

### nag\_rand\_neg\_bin (g05thc)

#### 1 Purpose

nag\_rand\_neg\_bin (g05thc) generates a vector of pseudorandom integers from the discrete negative binomial distribution with parameter  $m$  and probability  $p$  of success at a trial.

#### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg05.h>
```

```
void nag_rand_neg_bin (Nag_ModeRNG mode, Integer n, Integer m, double p,
    double r[], Integer lr, Integer state[], Integer x[], NagError *fail)
```

#### 3 Description

nag\_rand\_neg\_bin (g05thc) generates  $n$  integers  $x_i$  from a discrete negative binomial distribution, where the probability of  $x_i = I$  ( $I$  successes before  $m$  failures) is

$$P(x_i = I) = \frac{(m + I - 1)!}{I!(m - 1)!} \times p^I \times (1 - p)^m, \quad I = 0, 1, \dots$$

The variates can be generated with or without using a search table and index. If a search table is used then it is stored with the index in a reference vector and subsequent calls to nag\_rand\_neg\_bin (g05thc) with the same parameter value can then use this reference vector to generate further variates.

One of the initialization functions nag\_rand\_init\_repeatable (g05kfc) (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or nag\_rand\_init\_nonrepeatable (g05kgc) (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to nag\_rand\_neg\_bin (g05thc).

#### 4 References

Knuth D E (1981) *The Art of Computer Programming (Volume 2)* (2nd Edition) Addison–Wesley

#### 5 Arguments

1: **mode** – Nag\_ModeRNG *Input*

*On entry:* a code for selecting the operation to be performed by the function.

**mode** = Nag\_InitializeReference  
Set up reference vector only.

**mode** = Nag\_GenerateFromReference  
Generate variates using reference vector set up in a prior call to nag\_rand\_neg\_bin (g05thc).

**mode** = Nag\_InitializeAndGenerate  
Set up reference vector and generate variates.

**mode** = Nag\_GenerateWithoutReference  
Generate variates without using the reference vector.

*Constraint:* **mode** = Nag\_InitializeReference, Nag\_GenerateFromReference,  
Nag\_InitializeAndGenerate or Nag\_GenerateWithoutReference.

- 2: **n** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the number of pseudorandom numbers to be generated.  
*Constraint:*  $n \geq 0$ .
- 3: **m** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $m$ , the number of failures of the distribution.  
*Constraint:*  $m \geq 0$ .
- 4: **p** – double *Input*  
*On entry:*  $p$ , the parameter of the negative binomial distribution representing the probability of success at a single trial.  
*Constraint:*  $0.0 \leq p < 1.0$ .
- 5: **r[lr]** – double *Communication Array*  
*On entry:* if **mode** = Nag\_GenerateFromReference, the reference vector from the previous call to nag\_rand\_neg\_bin (g05thc).  
 If **mode** = Nag\_GenerateWithoutReference, **r** is not referenced by nag\_rand\_neg\_bin (g05thc).  
*On exit:* the reference vector.
- 6: **lr** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the dimension of the array **r** as declared in the function from which nag\_rand\_neg\_bin (g05thc) is called.  
*Suggested value:*  
 if **mode**  $\neq$  Nag\_GenerateWithoutReference,  
**lr** =  $28 + (20 \times \sqrt{m \times p} + 30 \times p) / (1 - p)$  approximately;  
 otherwise **lr** = 1.  
*Constraints:*  
 if **mode** = Nag\_InitializeReference or Nag\_InitializeAndGenerate,  
**lr** >  $\text{int}\left(\frac{m \times p + 7.15 \times \sqrt{m \times p} + 20.15 \times p}{1 - p} + 8.5\right)$   
 $- \max\left(0, \text{int}\left(\frac{m \times p - 7.15 \times \sqrt{m \times p}}{1 - p}\right)\right) + 9$ ;  
 if **mode** = Nag\_GenerateFromReference, **lr** must remain unchanged from the previous call to nag\_rand\_neg\_bin (g05thc).
- 7: **state[lstate]** – Integer *Communication Array*  
**Note:** *lstate* = **lstate**, the dimension of **state** as supplied to the initialization function nag\_rand\_init\_repeatable (g05kfc) or nag\_rand\_init\_nonrepeatable (g05kgc).  
*On entry:* contains information on the selected base generator and its current state.  
*On exit:* contains updated information on the state of the generator.
- 8: **x[n]** – Integer *Output*  
*On exit:* the  $n$  pseudorandom numbers from the specified negative binomial distribution.
- 9: **fail** – NagError \* *Input/Output*  
 The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, argument  $\langle value \rangle$  had an illegal value.

### NE\_INT

On entry,  $\mathbf{lr}$  is too small when  $\mathbf{mode} = \text{Nag\_InitializeReference}$  or  $\text{Nag\_InitializeAndGenerate}$ :  
 $\mathbf{lr} = \langle value \rangle$ , minimum length required =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

On entry,  $\mathbf{m} = \langle value \rangle$ .  
 Constraint:  $\mathbf{m} \geq 0$ .

On entry,  $\mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle$ .  
 Constraint:  $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$ .

### NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

### NE\_INVALID\_STATE

On entry,  $\mathbf{state}$  vector has been corrupted or not initialized.

### NE\_PREV\_CALL

$\mathbf{p}$  or  $\mathbf{m}$  is not the same as when  $\mathbf{r}$  was set up in a previous call.  
 Previous value of  $\mathbf{p} = \langle value \rangle$ ,  $\mathbf{p} = \langle value \rangle$ .  
 Previous value of  $\mathbf{m} = \langle value \rangle$ ,  $\mathbf{m} = \langle value \rangle$ .

### NE\_REAL

On entry,  $\mathbf{p} = \langle value \rangle$ .  
 Constraint:  $0.0 \leq \mathbf{p} < 1.0$ .

### NE\_REF\_VEC

On entry, some of the elements of the array  $\mathbf{r}$  have been corrupted or have not been initialized.

## 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

## 8 Further Comments

None.

## 9 Example

This example prints 20 pseudorandom integers from a negative binomial distribution with parameters  $m = 60$  and  $p = 0.999$ , generated by a single call to `nag_rand_neg_bin` (g05thc), after initialization by `nag_rand_init_repeatable` (g05kfc).

## 9.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_rand_neg_bin (g05thc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2008, Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 9, 2009.
 */
/* Pre-processor includes */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagx04.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg05.h>

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    FILE          *fpout;
    /* Integer scalar and array declarations */
    Integer       exit_status = 0;
    Integer       lr, i, lstate;
    Integer       *state = 0, *x = 0;

    /* NAG structures */
    NagError      fail;
    Nag_ModeRNG   mode;

    /* Double scalar and array declarations */
    double        *r = 0;

    /* Set the distribution parameters */
    double        p = 0.9990e0;
    Integer       m = 60;

    /* Set the sample size */
    Integer       n = 20;

    /* Choose the base generator */
    Nag_BaseRNG   genid = Nag_Basic;
    Integer       subid = 0;

    /* Set the seed */
    Integer       seed[] = { 1762543 };
    Integer       lseed = 1;

    /* Initialise the error structure */
    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    /* Check for command-line IO options */
    fpout = nag_example_file_io(argc, argv, "-results", NULL);

    fprintf(fpout, "nag_rand_neg_bin (g05thc) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Get the length of the state array */
    lstate = -1;
    nag_rand_init_repeatabile(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, &lstate, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    {
        fprintf(fpout, "Error from nag_rand_init_repeatabile (g05kfc).\n%s\n",
                fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Calculate the size of the reference vector,
     we are not using r, so lr can be set to 0 */
    lr = 0;

    /* Allocate arrays */
    if (!(r = NAG_ALLOC(lr, double)) ||

```

```

!(state = NAG_ALLOC(lstate, Integer)) ||
!(x = NAG_ALLOC(n, Integer))
{
    fprintf(fpout, "Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}

/* Initialise the generator to a repeatable sequence */
nag_rand_init_repeatable(genid, subid, seed, lseed, state, &lstate, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    fprintf(fpout, "Error from nag_rand_init_repeatable (g05kfc).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Generate the variates, initialising the reference
vector at the same time */
mode = Nag_GenerateWithoutReference;
nag_rand_neg_bin(mode, n, m, p, r, lr, state, x, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    fprintf(fpout, "Error from nag_rand_neg_bin (g05thc).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Display the variates*/
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    fprintf(fpout, "%12ld\n", x[i]);

END:
if (fpout != stdout) fclose(fpout);
if (r) NAG_FREE(r);
if (state) NAG_FREE(state);
if (x) NAG_FREE(x);

return exit_status;
}

```

## 9.2 Program Data

None.

## 9.3 Program Results

nag\_rand\_neg\_bin (g05thc) Example Program Results

```

62339
50505
64863
66289
50434
59461
57365
65965
59572
63104
47833
54735
62075
48018
61458

```

55190  
54263  
80995  
70129  
60200

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