

Context Sensitive Labeling of Spinal Structure in MR Images



University at Buffalo

The State University of New York

Chetan Bhole^a, Suryaprakash Kompalli^b and Vipin Chaudhary^b
^aDept. of Computer Science, University of Rochester, Rochester, NY
^bDept. of Computer Science and Engineering, University at Buffalo, SUNY, Buffalo, NY



Introduction

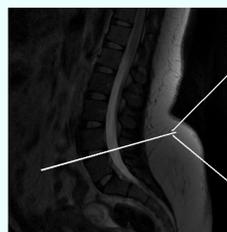
- Low back pain: a very common problem^[1]
- Abnormalities like herniation, desiccation, spondylolysis, stenosis
- Would like automatic disease diagnosis
- First step: Label disks and vertebrae, define a function $L(l) = \langle l_i; (x_i; y_i; z_i) \rangle$ where l_i are the disc labels.

Data

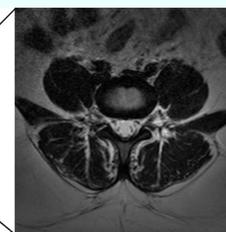
- 3T MRI scans
- 16 normal patients and 51 patients with abnormalities
- Wide variation in age and weight of patients



T1W sagittal (12 slices)
5mm spacing



T2W sagittal (12 slices)
5mm spacing

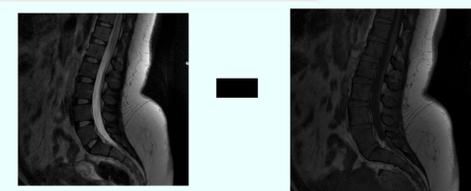


T2W axial (24-30 slices)
4.5 mm spacing

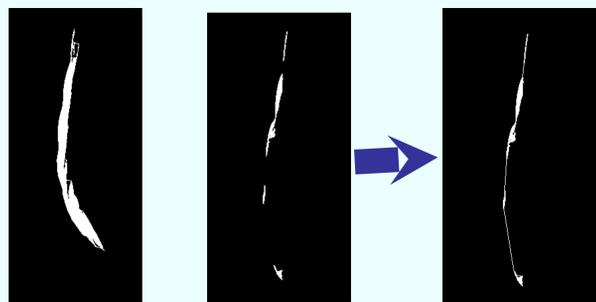
Salient Points

- Use of full protocol^[2]
- Dependent on co-registration done by technicians during scanning process
- Others have used graphical models^[3-4], active shape^[6] and appearance models, Hough transforms, Markov Random Fields, normalized cuts^[7], watershed algorithms for segmentation and/or labeling
- We use a variation of the intensity profiles used by Yao et al^[5]

Approach



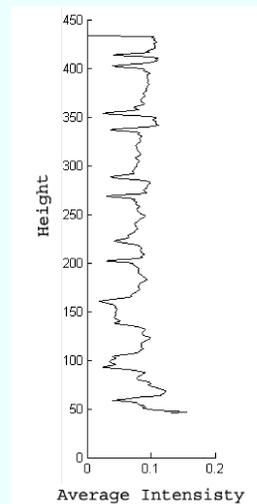
- Extract spinal cord by using difference and a filter



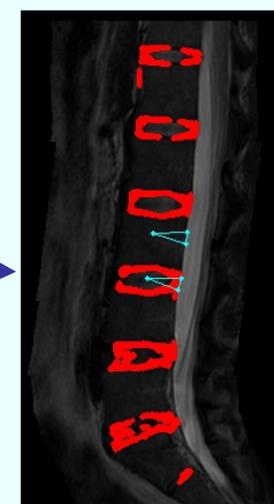
- Interpolate pieces
- Extrapolate
- Select correct sagittal slice



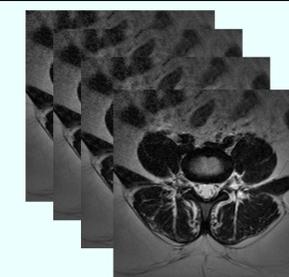
- Extract the left boundary (pink)
- Draw normals



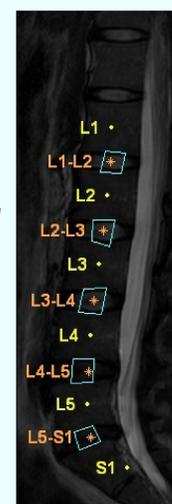
Draw intensity profile using the normals



- Threshold for Anulus Fibrosus
- Eliminate unlikely disc center candidates



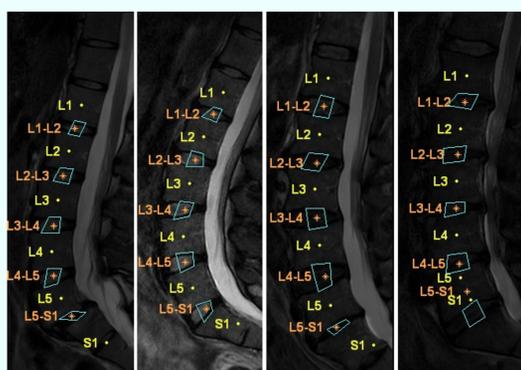
Use axial slice location and orientation



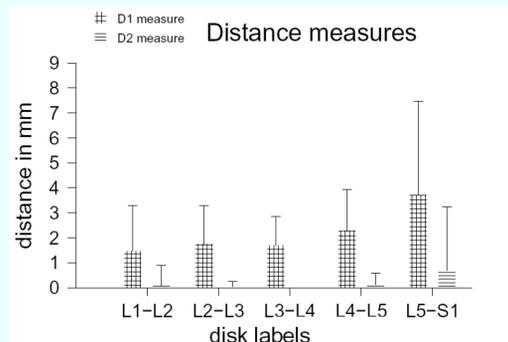
Label structure

Results

98.8% correct labeling on 335 disks



- Shows variations in data with results
- Last image shows an error case



points marked for evaluation

Conclusions and Future Work

- Achieve high accuracy using the full protocol for labeling
- Learn parameters that are currently set empirically
- Use current work for diagnosis of different lumbar problems

References

1. National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey, 2005
2. Mullan et al, "Magnetic resonance imaging of lumbar spine: use of a shortened protocol for initial investigation of degenerative disease", The Ulster Medical Journal, 2005
3. Schmidt et al, "Spine detection and labeling using a parts-based graphical model", IPMI, 2007
4. Corso et al, "Lumbar disc localization and labeling with a probabilistic model on both pixel and object features", MICCAI, 2008
5. Yao et al, "Automated spinal column extraction and partitioning", IEEE ISBI, 2006
6. Smyth et al, "Vertebral shape: Automatic measurement with active shape models", Radiology, 1999
7. Carballido-Gamio et al, "Normalized cuts in 3-d for spinal mri segmentation", IEEE Medical Imaging, 2004

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